Today, rising to the challenge of protecting our planet has become a matter of great urgency. When I visited the North Pole, following the footsteps of my great-great-grandfather Prince Albert I, I was proof of the fact that starting immediately, we had to make every effort to manage the resources of our planet in a sustainable manner so that our environment is no longer endangered. Accepting this challenge is essential, levers for change do exist, we have proof of this every day.

That is why I decided to set up a foundation dedicated to environmental protection and sustainable development: the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation.

For the past year, my Foundation has been funding tangible projects in three priority areas: climate change and the promotion of renewable energies, loss of biodiversity, access to water and the fight against desertification.

I am happy to present to you in this report the activities of my Foundation, which, since it was first established in June 2006, has made possible the implementation of more than 36 projects across the globe, more specifically in the Polar Regions, the Mediterranean Basin and the Southern countries.

2007 also marked the expansion of the Foundation on an international level with the setting up of representative offices in France and Great Britain, as well as key partnerships, notably in the United States with the Global Leadership for Climate Action, testimony of our commitment, alongside the UN Foundation, within the scope of the Clinton Global Initiative. The Foundation’s concern for Arctic issues led us to join the Aspen Institute’s Arctic Commission. Last but not least, the Foundation has signed a partnership in Canada with the One Drop Foundation, which develops projects within the field of water in Latin America.

The Foundation has also chosen to become a member of the European Foundation Center (EFC) which groups together the biggest foundations at both European and global levels and takes part in the work conducted by the Climate Change Philanthropy Action Network (CCPN-N).

On a scientific level and within the field of the protection of biodiversity and endangered species, the Foundation has decided to join forces with organizations of great international renown, such as WWF International and the Jane Goodall Institute.

As co-patron of the Billion Trees Campaign conducted by the United Nations Environment Program, I decided to lend support to a global initiative which can make every one of us a player in the protection of the environment.

As you will be able to see from this report, the first year of the Foundation’s existence has given concrete expression to the commitment of all those involved – co-founders, donors, members of the Board of Directors, members of the Scientific and Technical Committee and all the Foundation’s governing bodies; it has also borne witness to the mobilization of many partners and project managers thanks to which the protection of the environment and the sustainable development of our planet have become a real commitment.

I would like to express my warmest thanks to all of you for such exceptional and high-quality mobilization efforts.

H.S.H. Prince Albert II of Monaco
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The priorities of the Foundation

To limit the effects of climate change and to promote renewable energy

➔ Lake Chad has lost 90% of its surface area in 40 years.
➔ Since the late 1960s, global snow cover has decreased by 10%.
➔ Overall, since 1950 the surface area of sea ice has dropped by between 10% and 15% in the Northern hemisphere and by 40% in the Arctic.
➔ Eleven of the last twelve years have been the warmest on record since 1850.
➔ The conclusions of the 4th IPCC report published in 2007 are categorical, confirming man’s responsibility for global warming with a probability of over 90%.

To manage water resources and combat desertification

➔ 1.4 billion human beings have no access to drinking water.
➔ 2.6 billion human beings live without any basic sanitation facilities, i.e. 42% of the world population (and half of the population of the developing countries).
➔ Every day, 25,000 people die from water-related diseases (cholera, diarrhoea, typhoid...), half of whom are children, i.e. 8 million people per year.
➔ The average distance travelled by women in Africa and Asia to collect water is 6 km.

➔ The quantity of water used per capita and per day in residential areas:
   - 350 litres in North America and Japan
   - 200 litres in Europe
   - 10-20 litres in Sub-Saharan Africa
➔ Since 1900, 50% of the world’s wetlands have disappeared.

To safeguard biodiversity

➔ Over eleven thousand plant and animal species are threatened with extinction in the short term and between 1996 and 2004, the number of endangered species increased by 40%.
➔ 1.75 million species have been identified from an estimated total of between 5 and 30 million.
➔ 15,600 species are in danger of extinction (25% of mammals, 11% of birds, 50% of turtles, 33% of amphibians, 17% of known plant species).
➔ The number of endangered species increased by 40% between 1996 and 2004.

➔ Eleven of the last twelve years have been the warmest on record since 1850.
Because the future of Man is at stake

In June 2006, H.S.H. Prince Albert II of Monaco decided to establish his Foundation to address the alarming environmental situation of our planet.

The intention of the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation is to acquire the means of action necessary to enable it to act as an accelerator. In order to be an active player in environmental protection on an international scale, the Foundation has set up a network of men and women from the world of politics, science and economics, whose support and involvement are crucial, as well as citizens prepared to make a joint commitment to achieve the goals of the Foundation.

The Foundation’s mission statement:

➔ To support projects in line with the thematic and strategic priorities of the Foundation.
➔ To raise both public and State awareness of the impact of human activities on the natural environment and to encourage more environmentally friendly behaviour.
➔ To promote outstanding initiatives and innovative solutions, notably by awarding prizes and grants.
We are duty bound to act together

> Three priority areas:

1. THE MEDITERRANEAN BASIN
Due to the geographic position of the Principality of Monaco, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation has made the Mediterranean Basin one of its priorities. The Foundation is keen to take action, with the players concerned, in order to preserve the wealth of the marine and land ecosystems, to curb the extinction of the most endangered species and to fasten access to water resources.

2. THE POLES
The Polar Regions are a unique testimony to the world environment. The effects of global warming, pollution, the disappearance of species and the threats hanging over the indigenous populations are considerable. This has spurred the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation into placing research concerning the Poles and the mobilization for their protection at the heart of its action.

3. THE COUNTRIES MOST VULNERABLE TO CLIMATE CHANGE
The Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation wishes to focus part of its efforts on the least developed countries which are severely affected by climate change. For example, the countries in Sahelian Africa, which are particularly sensitive to desertification, water shortage and deforestation, have great difficulty in dealing with environmental issues and focusing efforts on sustainable development.

“...The Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation wishes to focus part of its efforts on the least developed countries...”
Tangible action to meet a global challenge

“The safeguarding our environment is a challenge; it is still possible to take action together and now.”

The Foundation’s commitment

The projects in figures...

320 projects were presented to and analyzed by the Foundation in 2007.
36 projects and partnerships were approved by the Board of Directors.

The Foundation’s total financial commitment for these projects amounts to 5,745 K€; this corresponds to an average of 58,625 € per project/year.

The Foundation’s main lever for change consists of lending financial support to projects and tangible action presented by project initiators and partners.

Since its announcement in June 2006, the Foundation has pledged to support 36 projects.

These projects were submitted to the Foundation by project initiators, in most cases via the online application form on the Foundation’s website. In certain cases, for areas of intervention considered a priority by the Foundation, projects have been developed in synergy with several partners.

In all events, projects have been selected after a rigorous selection process and according to specific criteria defined by the Board of Directors.

The following chapters present, for each area of intervention, the action supported by the Foundation, a brief description of the organization, the global amount of aid provided and the duration of the commitment.

This list corresponds to the projects and actions approved by the Board of Directors in 2007. For projects marked with an (*), the financing agreement was in the process of being finalized with the partner concerned as of 31st December 2007.
Our main projects

Projects within the field of climate change and energy

2007 was marked firstly by the publication of the 4th IPCC report confirming the anthropic cause of climate change and the extent of the probable consequences for the climate and humanity; and secondly by the Bali Conference which set out the foundations for future negotiations for post-Kyoto in 2012.

2007 also was witness to increased citizen awareness. Events such as the release of Al Gore’s film “An Inconvenient Truth” greatly contributed to this fact. As the time for assessment and awareness is over, the Foundation, conscious of the urgency, has pledged to take action, becoming involved in the 4 priority building blocks on climate change, reaffirmed in Bali in December 2007: Mitigation, Adaptation, Technology Transfer and Finance.

In order to contribute towards reducing GHG emissions, which are the main cause of global warming, the Foundation has focused on several lines of action:

> **To develop renewable energies**

**EXPERIMENTATION ON 2ND GENERATION BIOFUELS**

(FRANCE)

Research and experimentation for the introduction of new "whole plant harvested" ligno-cellulosic crops such as the giant miscanthus, fibre sorghum and switch grass. Such cultivation should in fact make it possible to produce the volume of biomass necessary for the needs of 2nd generation Biofuels.

> Chambre Régionale d’Agriculture

Champagne-Ardenne. 220,000 € / 3 years.

**DEVELOPMENT OF JATROPHA CURCAS PRODUCTION**

(KENYA)

Setting up a tree nursery for adapted varieties of jatropha curcas for the purpose of recovering energy from its oil. These plants will then be cultivated as field crops by local farmers.

> Green Africa Foundation. 195,462 € / 2 years.

**BIOGAS: DEVELOPING WASTE-TO-ENERGY SOLUTIONS**

(SOUTH PATAGONIA, CHILE, ARGENTINA)

Setting up units to recover energy from biogas obtained from municipal refuse dumps. Research and development to optimize the recovery of biogas. The project incorporates technical solutions to prevent the release of liquid pollutants from the landfill site and therefore has an impact on the preservation of the water quality.

> BIONERES S.A. and its Chilean subsidiary SEBA. 320,000 € invested in SEBA (80,000 € in the form of equity investment and 240,000 € in the form of shareholders’ convertible loan over a 3-year period).

> **To improve energy efficiency**


(MONACO)

Implementation of activities to improve the eco-efficiency of these events with action on energy water and paper consumption, as well as the sorting and recycling of waste. Carrying out a carbon inventory of events. Financing offsetting programs. Designing and producing methodology and a guide for the organization of eco-efficient events. This project was conducted in partnership with the International Athletics Foundation.

> Organizing Committee of the Games of the Small States. 60,681.71 € + 2,748 € for Herculis / 1 year.
**To encourage the planting of trees and to slow down deforestation**

**“ONE BILLION TREES” CAMPAIGN**

H.S.H. the Prince is the co-patron, together with Nobel Peace Prize winner Wangari Maathai, of the UNEP “One Billion Trees” campaign. The Foundation has funded a book published by UNEP about the campaign.

➔ United Nations Environment Programme.

30,000 € / 1 year.

**REFORESTATION PROGRAMS IN DAMAGED AREAS AROUND MONACO [FRANCE]**

Planting 10 ha of Mediterranean species in the hills around Monaco in order to encourage them to protect rather than damage their forest heritage, unique in the world. Such action concerns the areas of education, local industry, local transport and eco-tourism. Research project on the role of endemic primates.

➔ Act For Nature, a partner of the Siberut Conservation Project. 92,400 € / 3 years.

**PRESERVATION OF THE SIBERUT PRIMARY FOREST [SIBERUT, INDONESIA]**

Project to preserve the primary forest by developing activities with the villagers in order to encourage them to protect rather than damage their forest heritage, unique in the world. Such action concerns the areas of education, local industry, local transport and eco-tourism. Research project on the biology of endemic primates.

➔ Act For Nature, a partner of the Siberut Conservation Project. 92,400 € / 3 years.

**REINFORCING THE MEBENGOKRE CULTURE [AMAZON FOREST, BRAZIL]**

Action among the Mebengokre Indians who occupy one of the largest indigenous areas in Brazil, firstly to preserve traditional know-how and secondly to educate them on sustainable development and respect for the environment.

➔ Woyango French Association. 250,000 € / 4 years.

**“MONACO CARBON OFFSETTING” SCHEME**

The Foundation was keen to set up an integrated solution for carbon compensation, designed for individuals and companies, as well as its partners. The scheme boasts two main features:

- It emphasizes the need to carry out eco-efficient measures prior to any offsetting.
- It only offers certified carbon credits from projects presenting all UNFCCC guarantees.

➔ Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation

➔ French National Forestry Commission.

59,800 € / 1 year.

**MONACO CARBON OFFSETTING**

The Foundation supports two projects aimed at preserving the primary forest in Indonesia and Amazonia. Each of these projects impacts several complementary components: support of local populations through action to promote economic and tourist development, preservation of biodiversity and sustainable management of forests.

➔ Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation

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To contribute towards the international debate and the preparation of decisions on climate change

To prepare the follow-up to the Kyoto protocol

GLOBAL LEADERSHIP FOR CLIMATE ACTION
With the support of the Club of Madrid, the United Nations Foundation set up the GLCA whose purpose is to rally together politicians and scientists to draw up the framework of a post-Kyoto treaty. Part of the Foundation’s financial contribution will be used for tangible projects on bio-fuels and energy efficiency.
➔ United Nations Foundation. 300,000 USD / 1 year.

DAILY NEWS BULLETIN REGARDING NEGOTIATIONS ON THE KYOTO PROTOCOL [ BALI ]
The publication of a daily news bulletin in French, ECO, during the Bali Conference in December 2007. It presented a summary of the daily progress of the negotiations, for French speaking negotiators, mainly African.
➔ Réseau Action Climat. 9,500 € / 1 year.

To preserve the fragile balance of the Arctic Regions

The Foundation set up a task force in autumn 2007, bringing together international experts on issues relating to the Arctic. The Foundation also financed action concerning this region:

ARCTIC WORLD HERITAGE SYMPOSIUM [ NORWAY ]
The organization of a meeting of international experts in November in Narvik, to identify the Arctic sites that could be added to the World Heritage List.
➔ World Heritage Center (UNESCO). 46,000 USD / 1 year.

Action undertaken by the Foundation in 2007 within the field of biodiversity was aimed at:

Adapting to the effects of climate change on biodiversity
Improving knowledge of biodiversity
Protecting the most endangered species
Developing the economic value of biodiversity

Within the field of biodiversity

To contribute towards the international debate and the preparation of decisions on climate change

To prepare the follow-up to the Kyoto protocol

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Action undertaken by the Foundation in 2007 within the field of biodiversity was aimed at:

Adapting to the effects of climate change on biodiversity
Improving knowledge of biodiversity
Protecting the most endangered species
Developing the economic value of biodiversity

SympoSium “The Ocean in a High CO2 World” [ monteCarlo ]
Organization of a symposium scheduled for October 2008, which will periodically bring together scientists to review the situation regarding the acidification of the ocean due to the increased dissolution of atmospheric CO2 in the sea water, as well as the consequences of the harmful effects of such acidification on the coral, fish and marine ecosystems.
➔ UNESCO - Intergovernmental oceanographic Commission and the Monaco Scientific Center 25,000 € / 1 year.

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Improving knowledge of biodiversity

RESEARCH ON BIODIVERSITY IN A KEY REGION OF THE SOUTH WEST INDIAN OCEAN [ MOZAMBIQUE, MADAGASCAR ]

Following operation Santo 2006 in Vanuatu, the National History Museum of Paris, is carrying out local expeditions to little known areas, in particular the dry forests of these two countries, the underwater depths of Mozambique and the cold waters off the south east coast of Madagascar. The project involves identifying and analyzing unknown plants and animals or those that have been little studied so that the information makes possible the efficient protection and enhancement of the resources of this region.

→ National History Museum of Paris. 700.000 € / 3 years.

MONACO BIODIV [ MONACO ] (*)
Assessment of the parameters that govern and measure the state of Monaco’s biodiversity, particularly on the cliffs and the Rock, in an effort to contribute towards the conservation and sustainable management of the species and habitats. This first observatory for the state of Monegasque biodiversity, particularly on the cliffs and the Rock, will enable the reader to gain a greater understanding of the exceptional floristic heritage of this French department. Following the changes to the Mediterranean flora, the book will also be used to update the Mediterranean National Botanical Conservatory’s database.

→ Association pour l’Inventaire de la Flore du Var. 15.000 € / 1 year.

Protecting the most endangered species

CONSERVATION OF BIRDS OF PREY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION: BEARDED VULTURE AND BONELLI EAGLE [ FRANCE, ITALY, SPAIN, ISRAEL ]

The bearded vulture and the Bonelli eagle feature among the 8 most endangered species of bird in Europe. The project involves reintroducing and monitoring young vultures, alternately in the Mercantour National Park and the Alpi Maritime Park, and breeding in captivity young Bonelli eagles, an endemic species of the Mediterranean that will then be reintroduced to Israel, France and Spain. Monitoring of the released bearded vultures and Bonelli eagles will be carried out by satellite via tags fixed to the birds.

→ Mercantour National Park and Alpi Maritime Park (Bearded Vultures) and Bird of Prey Mission of the League for the Protection of Birds (Bonelli). 120.000 € / 3 year (Bearded Vulture) and 70.000 € / 5 years (Bonelli).

CONSERVATION OF GIRAFFES [ NIGER ]

The last 200 Niger giraffes are in danger from poaching and the loss of their habitat. The development of safari-type tourism will result in the income of farmers increasing substantially whilst scientific monitoring of the population carried out at the same time will help to ensure the conservation of this symbolic species.

→ Association pour la Sauvegarde des Girafes du Niger. 50.252 € / 1 year.

ANGKOR BIODIVERSITY CENTER [ CAMBODIA ]

The goal is to aid development and to monitor on a long-term basis the first nature conservation center in Cambodia, the Angkor Center for the Conservation of Biodiversity. This center implements “in situ and ex situ” conservation activities and helps to promote education regarding the environment.

→ Act for Nature. 105.000 € / 3 years.

CONSERVATION OF ALBATROSS AND PETREL SPECIES [ SOUTH INDIAN OCEAN ]

The project involves tracking the offshore distribution of endangered albatross and petrel species in the Indian Ocean during the winter season (i.e. not the mating season) in order to understand the behavioral and ecological mechanisms linked to accidental death during fishing. The results of the project will be used to define key areas of the ocean for these species and to propose conservation measures based on firmly established scientific knowledge.

→ Centre d’Études Biologiques de Chizé - Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique. 514.027 € / 3 years.

Safeguarding the bluefin tuna in the Mediterranean

Action to promote sustainable fishing and propose the establishment of a marine sanctuary in order to safeguard the bluefin tuna, a symbolic species of the Mediterranean which is threatened with extinction by the over-exploitation of stocks due largely to illegal fishing.

→ World Wild Fund International. 456.000 € / 3 years.

PROTECTION OF THE TOLIARA CORAL REEF [ MADAGASCAR ]

The goal is to achieve the effective implementation of a protected marine area within the Toliara reef complex, which houses a variety of rich habitats, including barrier reefs, lagoons, islands and mangroves. The project involves tracking the offshore distribution of endangered albatross species and will ensure future conservation activities are carried out as efficiently as possible in collaboration with the local players.

→ World Wild Fund International. 274.792 € / 3 years.

Developing the economic value of biodiversity

EXPERIMENTAL CENTER FOR MEDICINAL PLANTS [ DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO ]

Promotion and development of the cultivation of medicinal plants in compliance with the requirements of the global biopharmaceutical industry for future producers and local organizations. Promotion and development of the cultivation of medicinal plants in compliance with the requirements of the global biopharmaceutical industry for future producers and local organizations.

→ Biotechnological Foundation for sustainable development in Africa. 143.346 € / 3 years.
Within the field of access to water and desertification

Action undertaken by the Foundation in 2007 within the field of access to water and the fight against desertification was aimed at:

- Encouraging innovation in the development of clean technologies concerning water
- Developing facilities for the local populations and encouraging the sustainable management of water resources
- Encouraging the integrated management of the oasis ecosystems

🔗 Developing facilities for the local populations and encouraging the sustainable management of water resources

CATCHMENT FROM GANDAMIA SPRINGS (MALI)

Catchment from six permanent mountain springs in North Mali primarily for the purpose of gravitational conveyance of drinking water (no pump or power) to supply over 6,000 people. A cultivation basin, a drinking trough and a wash-house have been included for each spring to encourage the development of economic activities in order to generate income and employment (200 jobs created directly and indirectly) as well as good hygiene practice.

➔ TR-MONDE/ National College of Water and Environmental Engineering. 93,000 € / 1 year.

🔗 Encouraging innovation in the development of clean technologies concerning water

EAUNERGIE PROJECT (MONACO)

The Foundation encouraged the launch of the EAUNERGIE company which develops small made-to-measure desalination units that are powered by renewable energy. They can be used in all areas needing a drinking water supply which are located near to the sea or on in the coastal region.

➔ EAUNERGIE. Total budget : 60,000 € / year.

🔗 Encouraging the integrated management of the oasis ecosystems

SAFEGUARDING THE TAFALET OASES (MOROCCO)

This project, using a “sustainable development” approach incorporates the issues of climate change, desertification, water management and biodiversity while encouraging the social and economic development of the local populations.

➔ Moroccan Ministry of Urban Planning, Water and the Environment and the UNDP. 250,000 € / 5 years.

🔗 Developing facilities for the local populations and encouraging the sustainable management of water resources

CONSTRUCTION OF FLOOD BANKS AND WATER MANAGEMENT (REG. BURKINA FASO)

Construction of anti-erosion flood banks in order to create 3 water basins enabling the groundwater to be replenished. This will make the relaunch of market gardening production possible. The project falls within the scope of the fight against poverty program set up by the Burkinabe government.

➔ Comité de Jumelage Morlaix et Wurselen (Allemagne). 100,000 € / 3 years.
Within the field of Sustainable Development awareness

In addition to issues of climate change, biodiversity and water, the Foundation supports several projects aimed at raising awareness of the environment and sustainable development. It also fosters thought on innovation within the finance field as far as environmental issues are concerned.

THE PRODUCTION OF A POSTER "MOI JE PLANTE UN ARBRE ET TOI ?" [ FRENCH-SPEAKING AFRICA ]

The production of a poster: “to improve my environment and combat global warming: I’m planting a tree; what about you?” This poster is produced by the magazine “Planète Jeune” which is widely distributed among young people in the French-speaking countries of Africa.

→ Planète Jeune - France and Africa.

DEVELOPMENT OF VINTSY CLUBS [ MADAGASCAR ]

To increase the number of environmental clubs in schools and universities, called “Vintsy Clubs” on a national level and to disseminate information on the environment concerning both the regions and the country as a whole. The project is aimed at fostering behavior to conserve protected areas.

→ World Wild Fund. 280.307 € / 3 years.

BOOK "DÉVELOPPEMENT DURABLE", COLLECTION MONDE D’AUJOURD’HUI [ MONACO ]

The production of a special edition of the publication "Développement durable" (collection Monde d’aujourd’hui - Editions Autrement) with an insert on the action undertaken by the Foundation and the Monaco Government on sustainable development. Wide circulation in Monaco during the Sustainable Development House exhibition.

→ Editions Autrement : 25.320 € / 1 year.

CONFERENCE "FINANCE AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT: OPPOSITION OR PARTNERSHIP?" [ MONACO ]

The objective of this meeting, during which Nicholas Stern gave a speech, was to take stock of the thinking within the field of economic analysis concerning environmental issues, in particular the marine biodiversity, climate risk and insurance, and energy. Discussions were conducted from a general, as well as from a more specific Mediterranean point of view.

→ Monaco Méditerranée Foundation in partnership with Chair Finance and Sustainable Development from Paris Dauphine. 25.000 € / 1 year.

FUNDING 2 STUDY GRANTS ON THE ENVIRONMENT [ ISRAEL ]

The Arava Institute is an educational and research institute on environmental issues. The institute encourages environmental cooperation between nations. It works for peace and sustainable development in the Middle East and more generally in the World. The Foundation has funded two study grants for an Israeli and a Palestinian.

→ Arava Institute. 22.000 € / 1 year.

© Green Africa Foundation
Towards international development

In 2007, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation developed its presence internationally with the opening of representative offices in France and Great Britain. Steps have been taken in the United States, Canada and Switzerland for the official registration of centers in the course of 2008.

The purpose of these representative offices is to lend support to the international fund raising campaigns, to identify new partners and new innovative projects.

In order to reinforce its presence internationally and to develop new institutional partnerships, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation has chosen to become a member of the “European Foundation Center” (EFC). The European Foundation Center is an international association of foundations. It strives to promote a legal and fiscal system for foundations, to inform, to strengthen the infrastructure of the sector, to promote collaboration, both among foundations and between foundations and other actors, to advance the public good in Europe and beyond. All members adhere to the EFC’s principles of good practice.

The international development strategy of the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation also hinges on major institutional partnerships in the United States, Canada and Great Britain.

In the United States, the Foundation, in partnership with the UN Foundation, supports the Global leadership for Climate Action. This partnership was presented at the Clinton Global Initiative in New York in September 2007.

The Global leadership for Climate Action (GLCA) is a joint initiative of the Club of Madrid and the UN Foundation. It is comprised of former Heads of State and Government, politicians, and leaders from the private sector and civil society from over 20 countries. The task force endeavors to mobilize political will and to invigorate international negotiations towards a post-2012 agreement on climate change.

As part of its action in the Polar Regions, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation takes part in work carried out by the Aspen Institute’s Arctic Commission (USA).

In Canada, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation has signed a partnership with the One Drop Foundation which works on hydraulic projects in Latin America in collaboration with Oxfam Quebec.

In Great Britain, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation contributes to the work of the Climate Change Philanthropy Action Network (CCPA)

The CPA was established in 2006 to bring together philanthropists, foundations and experts from across the globe to promote strategic philanthropic initiatives, ideas and best practice in the sphere of climate change management.

In the scientific field and protection of endangered species, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation has formed a partnership with WWF International and the Jane Goodall Institute.

Through his Foundation, H.S.H. Prince Albert II of Monaco has also chosen to support the “One Billion Trees” campaign conducted by the United Nations Environment Program.
Partners

Project Partners 2007

- Act For Nature
- Arava Institute
- Association pour la Sauvegarde des Girafes du Niger
- Association pour l’inventaire de la flore du Var
- Bonniers SA
- Centre d’Études Biologiques de Chizé - Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique
- Chambre Régionale d’Agriculture Champagne-Ardenne
- Twinning Committee Morlaix - Wurselen
- Organising Committee of the Games of the Small States
- Conservatoire Botanique National Méditerranéen de Porquerolles
- Eauenergie
- Editions Autrement
- Horsequest Athletics Federation
- Biotechnological Foundation for sustainable development in Africa
- Green Africa Foundation
- Ligue Pour la Protection des Oiseaux
- Monaco Développement Durable
- Monaco Méditerranée Foundation
- Moroccan Ministry of Urban Planning, Water and the Environment and the UNDP
- Museum National d’Histoire Naturelle of Paris (MNHN)
- National Environmental Research Institute of Denmark (NERI)
- French National Forestry Commission
- International Forestry Commission.
- Alpi Marittima Park
- The Mercantour National Park
- Planète Jeune
- Réseau Action Climat
- TRAMECO / National College of Water and Environmental Engineering
- UNEP United Nations Development Programme
- UNEP United Nations Environment Programme
- UNESCO, United Nation, Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization / Centre du patrimoine mondial
- UNESCO, United Nation, Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization / Commission océanographique intergouvernementale et Monaco Scientific Centre
- UNITAR United Nations Institute for Training and Research
- United Nations Foundation
- Wayanga
- World Wide Fund International

A few examples of institutional partnerships in 2007

- UNEP “BILLION TREE CAMPAIGN”
  In collaboration with the United Nations Environment Program, the Foundation supports the One Billion Tree Campaign under the patronage of Mrs Wangari Maathai and H.S.H. Prince Albert of Monaco. The goal is to plant at least one billion trees throughout the world each year. www.unep.org

- UNITED NATIONS FOUNDATION / GLOBAL LEADERSHIP FOR CLIMATE ACTION
  The Prince Albert II Foundation and the UN Foundation have formed a long-term partnership within the context of a Global Leadership for Climate Action (GICA) initiative which sets guidelines for post-Kyoto in 2012. www.unfoundation.org

- THE ASPEN INSTITUTE
  Concerned with environmental issues, the Aspen Institute mobilizes international opinion leaders from the world of politics and economics, as well as civil society, as part of its “Arctic Commission”. www.aspeninstitute.org

- WWF INTERNATIONAL
  A partnership for the conservation of the blue fin tuna in the Mediterranean, the protection of the Toulon reef complex and to raise the awareness of the Malagasy population regarding the environment. www.panda.org

- JANE GOODALL INSTITUTE
  International organisation for the protection of and research on primates established 31 years ago by Dr Jane Goodall in California. www.janegoodall.org

- ONE DROP FOUNDATION
  Foundation established in Quebec by Mr Guy Laliberté (Founder of the Cirque du Soleil) and dedicated to the issue of water. www.onedrop.org

- UNITAR
  The United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR) was founded in 1965 as an independent institute within the United Nations Organization in order to reinforce the efficiency of the Organization by means of a pertinent training and research program. www.unitar.org

- MNHN (NATIONAL MUSEUM D’HISTOIRE NATURELLE OF PARIS)
  A scientific and public service institution, geared towards research and the dissemination of knowledge, the Museum assumes 5 major roles that govern and fuel its various activities: fundamental and applied research, management and conservation of collections, education and training, sharing knowledge and know-how. www.mnhn.fr

- MONACO MEDITERRANEAN FOUNDATION
  The main objectives of the WWF are as follows:
  - to contribute towards the promotion and image of the Principality of Monaco which successfully couples tradition with modernity.
  - to provide support for the organization of economic, social, scientific, cultural and sports events;
  - to provide assistance to all associations, foundations and other charitable organizations. www.monaco-mediterrane-foundation.org

- CAPENERGIE CENTRE OF COMPETITIVE EXCELLENCE
  The Capenergie Centre of Competitive Excellence groups together over 190 partners from the PACA region, Corsica and the Principality of Monaco, actors in innovation, training and industrial development of non-generating greenhouse gas energies. The Capenergie Center of Competitive Excellence strives to develop strong regional expertise within this sector by ensuring its international reputation and encouraging industrial strategies for SMEs/SMES specialised in this field of activity. www.capenergie.fr

© One Drop
A rigorous organization to select and manage projects

The main documented procedures concern:
1. Online application
2. 1st selection
3. In-depth application file
4. 2nd selection
5. The well-argued opinion of the Scientific and Technical Committee based on a criteria assessment grid
6. 3rd selection
7. Decision by the Board of Directors

➔ An accelerated procedure for projects below 25 000 €.
➔ The contractualization system and the various model agreements according to the level of funding.
➔ The project monitoring system
1. Technical and financial intermediate reports and their approval
2. Intermediate payments for each phase dependent on a reporting system defined by contract
3. On site auditing (the first audit being scheduled for 2008)

Definition of selection criteria

1. CONSISTENCY WITH THE FOUNDATION’S ORIENTATIONS
   1.1. Fields of activity: climate change - energy, biodiversity, water
   1.2. Priority geographical areas: Polar Regions, Mediterranean Basin, Least Developed Countries (LDCs)
   1.3. Type of project: research, innovation, technological, field work involving the local populations

2. INNOVATION

3. IMPACT AND ADDED VALUE OF THE PROJECT
   3.1. Tangible aspects and measurement of anticipated results

3.2. Added value and exemplary nature of the project
3.3. Social and economic impact of the project
   (principle of sustainable development)
3.4. Cooperation and involvement of the local populations concerned

4. KNOW-HOW AND EXPERTISE
   4.1. Quality and solidity of the organization running the project
   4.2. Know-how and expertise of the project manager
   4.3. Quality and solidity of the partners
   4.4. Quality management of the project

5. FEASIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY OF THE PROJECT
   5.1. Technical
   5.2. Financial

6. SCIENTIFIC EXCELLENCE FOR RESEARCH PROJECTS

During its first year of existence the Foundation carried out important work to organize its activities. In particular, it devised and implemented all the necessary procedures and documents to ensure the efficient management of the project support process. This is to optimize the management, monitoring and assessment of projects and to ensure the traceability and financial transparency of the use and management of the Foundation’s resources. All these procedures have been designed based on existing best practice used by international Foundations and Sponsoring Agencies. The fact that the Foundation has joined the European Foundation Center has contributed towards the identification of good practice.
Foundation governance and management

**Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors defines the Foundation’s strategy and controls the management of its activities.

Since its establishment, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation has been lent support by exceptional men and women. Their experience and competence within the environmental field are a major asset for the implementation of its action.

H.S.H. PRINCE ALBERT II OF MONACO
The Sovereign Prince of Monaco, President of the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation

H.R.R. SHEIKH TAMIN BIN HAMAD ALTHANI - QATAR
The Crown Prince of Qatar, Head of the Supreme Council for the Environment and Natural Reserves

MR ROBERT CALCAGNO - MONACO
Government Counsellor for Facilities, the Environment and Urban Planning

H.E. BERNARD FAUTRIER - MONACO
Vice President and Chief Executive Officer of the Foundation Minister Plenipotentiary for issues relating to sustainable development

DR. TIM FLANNERY - AUSTRALIA
Biologist and palaeontologist, Director of the Department of Zoology of the Australian Museum of Sydney

THE RT. HON. JOHN GUMMER - UNITED KINGDOM
Former United Kingdom Secretary of State for the Environment and CEO of Sancroft International Ltd

MRS WANGARI MAATHAI - KENYA
Member of the Kenyan Parliament, Deputy Minister for the Environment, Natural Resources and Wild Fauna, Nobel Peace Prize Winner

MR HENRI PROGIO - FRANCE
CEO of Veolia Environment and of Groupe Veolia

H.E. MR RUBENS RICUPERO - BRAZIL
Former Brazilian Finance Minister; 5 Secretary-General of the UN Conference on Commerce and Development

MR OTTO STEINMETZ - GERMANY
Member of the Deutsche Bank Executive Board and in charge of risk management at the bank

MR BJÖRN STIGSON - SWEDEN
President of the World Business Council for Sustainable Development

DR. KLAUS TOPFER - GERMANY
Former United Nations Under-Secretary General, Former Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Program (UNEP)

MR STÉPHANE VALERI - MONACO
President of the National Council of Monaco

MR HENRI PROGIO - FRANCE
CEO of Veolia Environment and of Groupe Veolia

H.E. MR RUBENS RICUPERO - BRAZIL
Former Brazilian Finance Minister; 5 Secretary-General of the UN Conference on Commerce and Development

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Member of the Deutsche Bank Executive Board and in charge of risk management at the bank

MR BJÖRN STIGSON - SWEDEN
President of the World Business Council for Sustainable Development

**Scientific and Technical Committee**

The Scientific and Technical Committee acts as a think-tank and provides guidance for each of the Foundation’s main areas of intervention.

MR DENIS ALLEMAND - MONACO
Scientific Director of the Monaco Scientific Center

MR YANN ARTHURS BERTRAND - FRANCE
Photographic explorer, founder of the “GOOD PLANET” Association

MR LUCIEN CHABASON - FRANCE
President of the Blue Plan for the Mediterranean

DR JEAN-LOUIS ETIENNE - FRANCE
Doctor-explorer, first man to reach the North Pole alone, Director General of the Oceanographic Institute of the Prince Albert I Foundation

MR BERTRAND-PIERRE GALEY - FRANCE
Director of the Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle

PR JEAN JAUBERT - FRANCE
Former Director of the Oceanographic Museum of Monaco

PR BEDRICH MODAN - CZECH REPUBLIC
Senator of the Czech Republic Parliament

DR DANIELA PAULI - SWITZERLAND
Executive Director of the “Swiss Biodiversity Forum”

DR BERTRAND PICCARD - SWITZERLAND
Pioneer of hang-gliding and ULM in Europe, UN Roving Ambassador

DR SAMANTHA SMITH - USA
Former Director of the “WWF International Arctic Program”

MR PATRICK VAN KLAVEREN - MONACO
Minister Counsellor, Permanent Delegate to International Organisations of a scientific, environmental and humanitarian nature

**Development Committee**

The Development Committee helps to mobilize the financial resources necessary to implement the Foundation’s action program and to ensure its durability. This Committee is presided over by Sir Michael SMURFIT.
> Ethics Commission

The Ethics Commission provides the guarantee that all Foundation’s activities respect the basic values of the Foundation and the ethical requirements.

SIR VICTOR BLANK – UNITED KINGDOM
President of the Lloyds TSB Group

H.E. MR GEORGES GRINDA – MONACO
Minister Plenipotentiary

MR DANIEL LEBEGUE – FRANCE
Chairman of the Institut Français des Administrateurs

MR HUGUES SIBILLE – FRANCE
Vice-Chairman of the Crédit Coopératif

> Management

Organizational chart

His Serene Highness, Prince Albert II of Monaco is supported by a team of permanent staff in charge of the running and the development of the Foundation.

> Organization

The Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation is organized to act on an international level. Its governing bodies - its Board of Directors, its Scientific and Technical Committee, its Development and Expansion Committee, its Ethics Commission - are composed of personalities representing the five continents. Its organization and development are supported by local representative offices (in 2007 in France and Great Britain, and in 2008 in the USA, Switzerland and Canada) and the involvement of Embassies and Consulates of the Principality across the globe. To increase its action, the Foundation has established partnerships in the various countries where it wishes to develop its activities.

> Active members

The Foundation currently has 61 active members including 16 co-founders.

In 2007, the Foundation called together its governing bodies according to the following calendar:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING
11th May 2007 in Monaco
3rd October 2007 in London

EXECUTIVE BOARD MEETING
16th February 2007 in Monaco
11th May 2007 in Monaco
5th September 2007 in Monaco

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING
16th January 2007 in Monaco
15th June 2007 in Monaco
23rd November 2007 in Monaco

> Chartered Accountants

AUDIT CONSEIL & ASSOCIÉS
Vanessa Tubino
14, boulevard des Moulins
Monte-Carlo, Monaco

> Statutory Auditors

GLD EXPERTS
Alain Lederer
2, rue de la Lüjerneta
Monaco

> Banks

HSBC PRIVATE BANK
17, avenue d’Ostende
Monte-Carlo, Monaco

BARCLAYS WEALTH
31, avenue de la Costa
Monte-Carlo, Monaco

> Representative Offices of the Foundation in Great Britain and France

UNITED KINGDOM
Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation (GB)
7, upper Grosvenor Street
W1K 2LX London

FRANCE
Comité Français pour la Fondation
Prince Albert II de Monaco
195, rue Saint Jacques
75003 Paris

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Communication

During its first year of activity, the Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation acquired a set of communication tools and material. These tools are geared towards a multiple target audience: benefactors, partners, project initiators, journalists and the general public.

The Foundation’s website is the main communication interface for the entire audience thanks to the various modules available: “application forms” for project initiators, “online payment” for benefactors and “press releases” for journalists. Updated in real time, it is the perfect showcase for the Foundation’s news and activities.

The Foundation has also published an institutional brochure “Because the future of Man is at stake...” The brochure exists in English and French so that it can be distributed to the largest number of readers possible, in particular on an international level.

In order to provide a more scientific and technical slant on its activities and to highlight the latest news,

The Foundation produces a quarterly newsletter. Each newsletter deals with a topic relating to one of the Foundation’s priority areas.

All these documents are published on recycled paper, meeting the European standard “imprim’vert” and also exist in an electronic format.

These communication tools also provide important support for the fund-raising campaign.

Acknowledgments

The Prince Albert II of Monaco Foundation sincerely thanks its donors and cofounders for their exceptional support throughout the year 2007.